

# Effective Rain

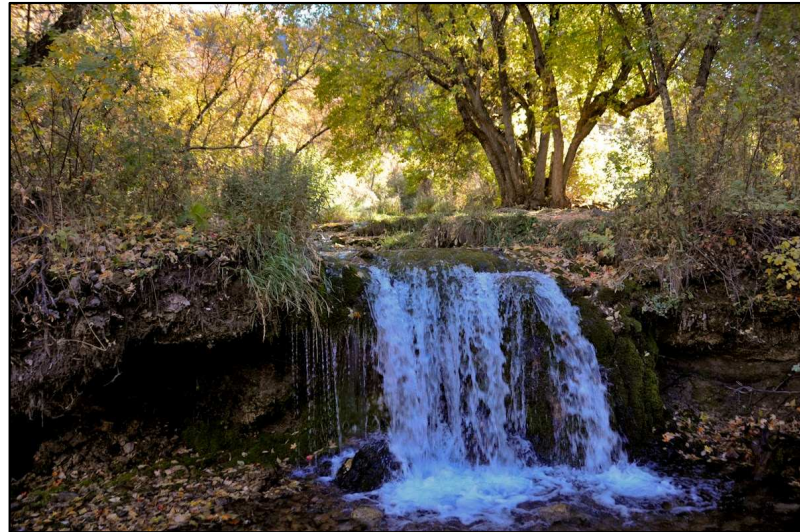
Landscape Water Management



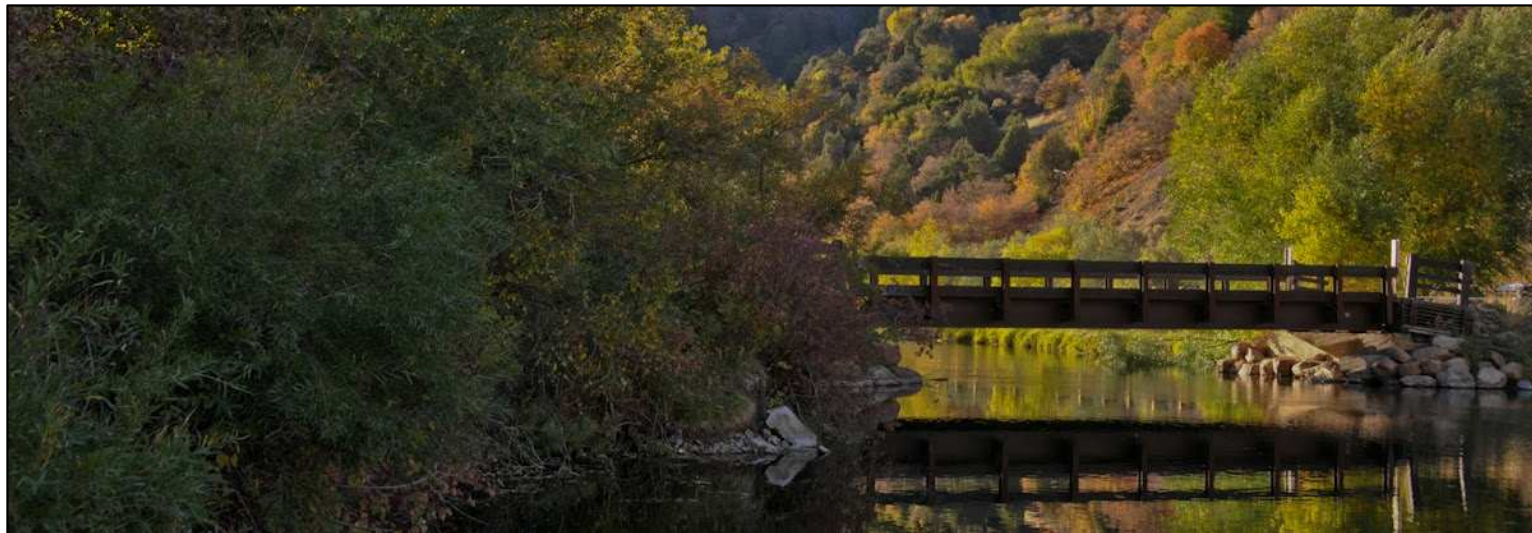
# Steven Moore

Founder and President Irrisoft, Inc.  
A Campbell Scientific Company

## My Passions



Efficient Water Use

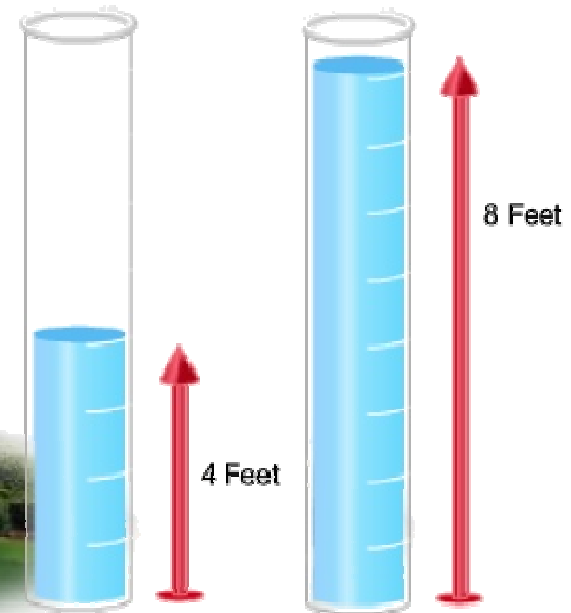


Beautiful Landscapes

# The Problem

Find the Waste

- Landscapes are Over Watered
  - 2x as much or more
- Cause?
  - Inefficient Systems
  - Schedule Guessing
  - Weather Changes
- Impact?
  - Wasting Money
  - Wasting Water



Need vs. Use

A colorful illustration of the water cycle. In the center, a large grey cloud is raining. To the left, a smaller white cloud has three blue arrows pointing upwards from the ground, representing evaporation. To the right, a large green tree has two blue arrows pointing upwards from its leaves, representing transpiration. In the foreground, a blue river flows from a waterfall on the left towards the right. Three blue arrows point from the river towards the right, representing surface runoff. In the background, a green hillside has several blue arrows pointing downwards, representing infiltration. A large tree on the right has blue arrows pointing downwards from its roots into the ground, representing groundwater flow. The sky is blue with several white clouds and a few birds flying. The text 'Water Cycle' is written in blue in the center of the image.

# Water Cycle

What goes up, must come down.

Measure ET • Measure Rain • Know when to Water

$$\text{ET} \text{ (Evapotranspiration)} \text{ minus Rain} = \text{Irrigation}$$



Inches

-



Inches

=



Inches

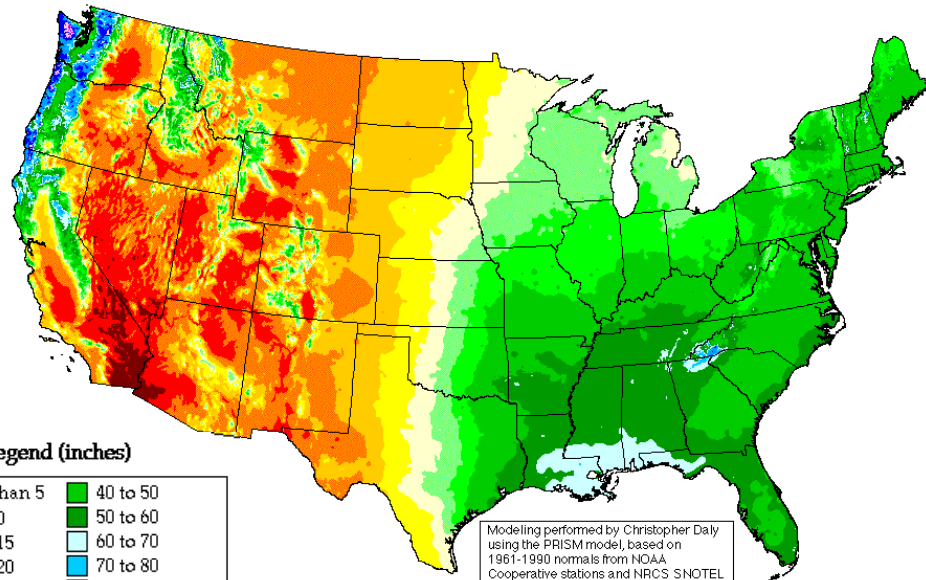
# Much of the US More Rain than ET

Rain

ET

Annual Average Precipitation

United States of America



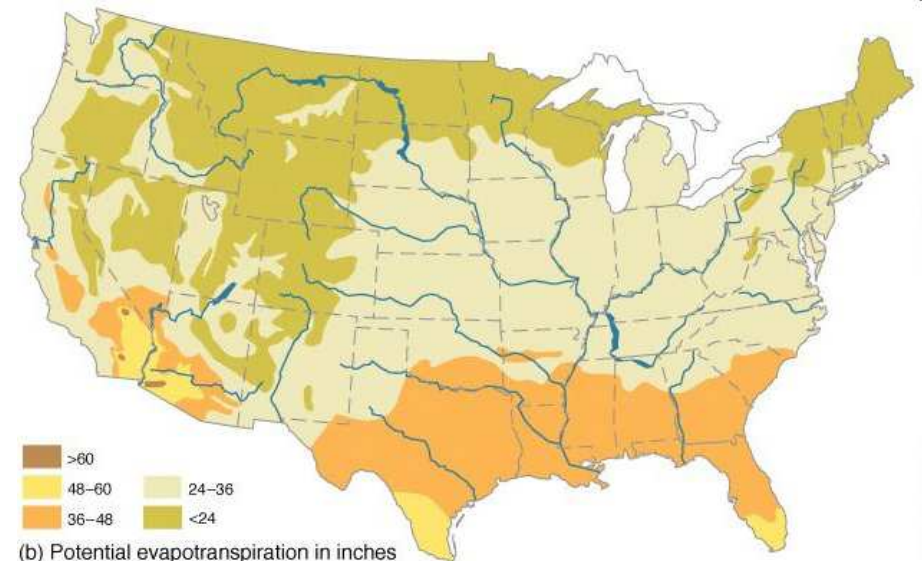
Legend (inches)

Less than 5	40 to 50
5 to 10	50 to 60
10 to 15	60 to 70
15 to 20	70 to 80
20 to 25	80 to 100
25 to 30	100 to 140
30 to 35	140 to 180
35 to 40	More than 180

Modeling performed by Christopher Daly using the PRISM model, based on 1961-1990 normals from NOAA Cooperative stations and NRCS SNOTEL sites. Sponsored by USDA-NRCS Water and Climate Center, Portland, Oregon.

Oregon Climate Service  
George Taylor, State Climatologist  
(541) 737-5705

Period: 1961-1990



>60	24-36
48-60	<24
36-48	

(b) Potential evapotranspiration in inches

# Rain & Irrigation Control

# 1 Don't water when it's raining.

# 2 Know *when* to water after the storm.



# Effective Rain:

Rainfall minus surface **runoff** and percolation below the **roots**.

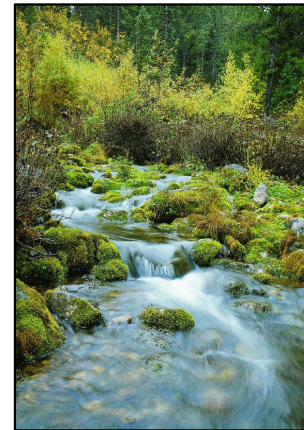
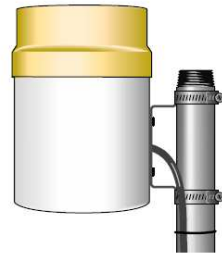


The Root of the Issue is Soil



# Quantifying Effective Rain

#1 Measure Rainfall

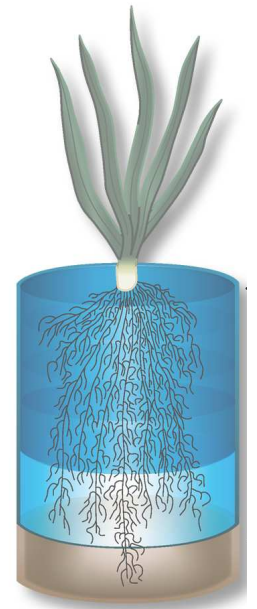


#2 Run-Off

Ignore rain that falls faster than soil can absorb.

#3 Soil Moisture Content

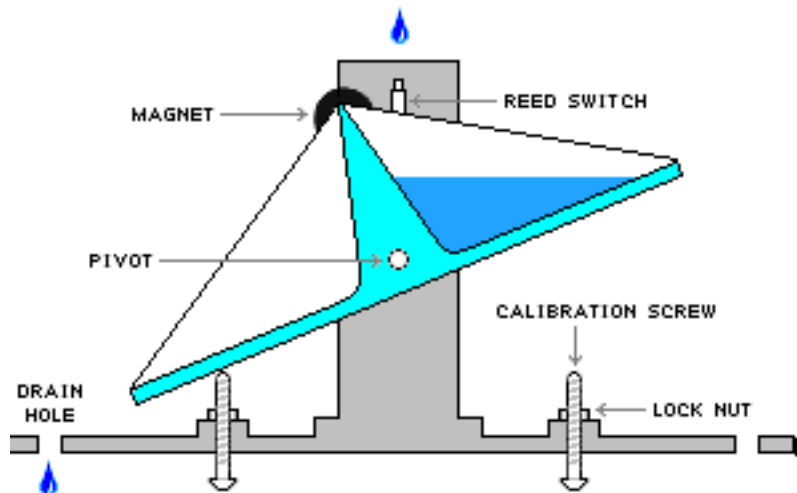
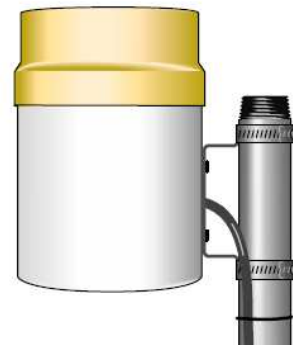
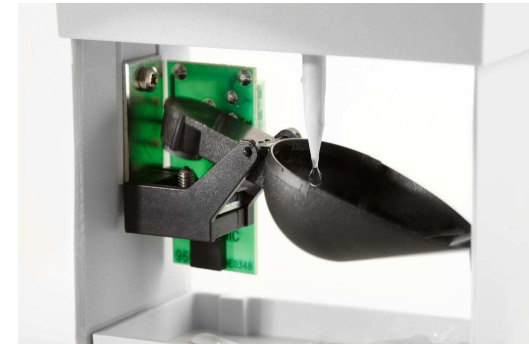
How much rain can the soil hold?



# #1 Measure Rain

## □ Devices

- Tipping Bucket
- Water Weight
- Droplet Impact



# #2 Runoff

Rain that falls faster than the soil can absorb.

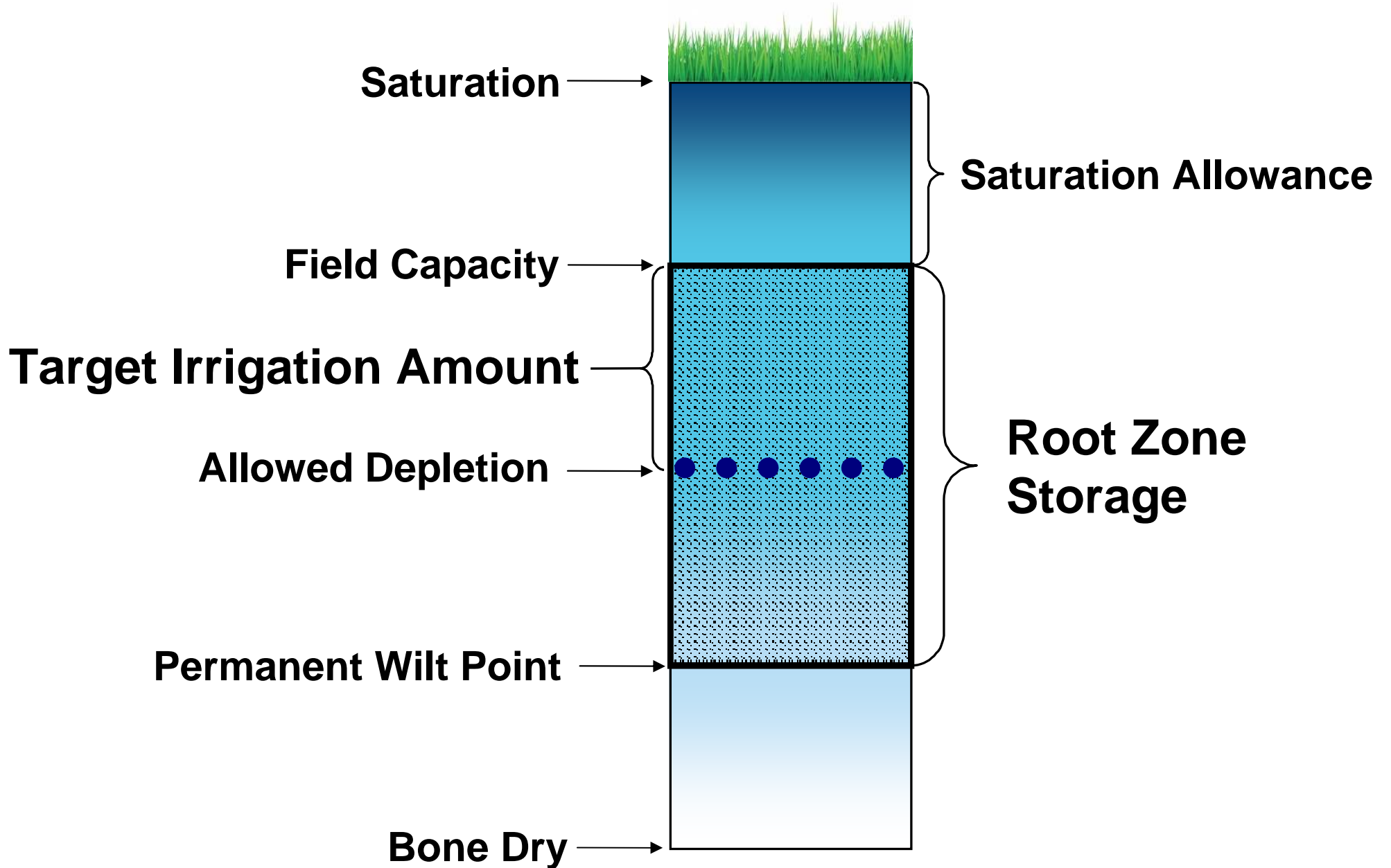
- Rain Fall Rate – Inches per Hour
- Soil Intake Rate – Inches per Hour

Soil Type	Average Soil Intake Rate (Inches per Hour)
Clay	0.1
Silty Clay	0.15
Clay Loam	0.2
Loam	0.35
Sandy Loam	0.4
Loamy Sand	0.5
Sand	0.6



Ignore rain that falls faster than the soil can absorb.

# #3 The Soil Reservoir



# Quantify Root Zone Storage Capacity

## ■ Variables

- Soil Type
  - Available Water (AW) – Inch per Inch
- Root Depth (RD) - Inches
- Managed Allowed Depletion (MAD) - %
- Saturation Allowance (SA) - Inches



## ■ Resulting Limits

- Root Zone Capacity (RZC) =  $AW \times RD$
- Allowed Depletion (AD) =  $RZC \times MAD\%$ 
  - Optimum Irrigation Amount = AD
- Moisture Balance Limit =  $AD + SA$



## Allowable Depletion

Soil Type	Available Water* Inch / Inch	MAD %**	Calculated Allowable Depletion					
			Root Depth in Inches					
			2	4	6	8	12	18
Sand	0.02	60%	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.10	0.14	0.22
Fine Sand	0.06	60%	0.07	0.14	0.22	0.29	0.43	0.65
Loamy Sand	0.07	60%	0.08	0.17	0.25	0.34	0.50	0.76
Sandy Loam	0.12	50%	0.12	0.24	0.36	0.48	0.72	1.08
Sandy Clay	0.16	50%	0.16	0.32	0.48	0.64	0.96	1.44
Loam	0.17	50%	0.17	0.34	0.51	0.68	1.02	1.53
Sandy Clay Loam	0.15	50%	0.15	0.30	0.45	0.60	0.90	1.35
Silty Loam	0.20	50%	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.80	1.20	1.80
Clay Loam	0.20	50%	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.80	1.20	1.80
Silt	0.17	50%	0.17	0.34	0.51	0.68	1.02	1.53
Silty Clay Loam	0.20	50%	0.20	0.40	0.60	0.80	1.20	1.80
Silty Clay	0.16	40%	0.13	0.26	0.38	0.51	0.77	1.15
Clay	0.15	30%	0.09	0.18	0.27	0.36	0.54	0.81

\* Soil Conservation Service Nation Engineering Handbook, September 1997

\*\* Irrigation Association Best Management Practices – Landscape Irrigation Scheduling and Water Management, September 2003

# Soil is a Reservoir

## Checkbook Method

ET Depletes Soil Moisture

Rain & Irrigation Replenish Soil Moisture



# Heavy Storm





# Light Sustained Drizzle



# Summer Thunder Storm



# Example 1

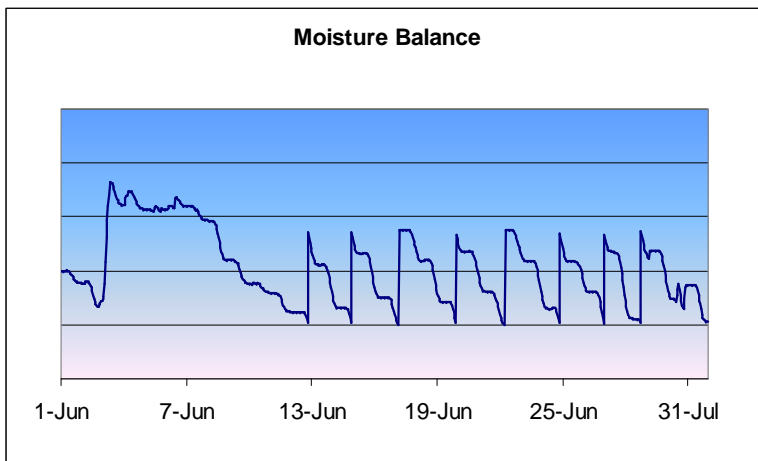
99% Rainfall Efficiency  
Aurora, CO

## Variables

Soil Type	Sandy Clay Loam
Available Water in/in	0.11
Root Depth - Inches	8.00
Managed Allowed Depletion	50%
Saturation Allowance	0.22
Maximum Hourly Rain	0.35

## Resulting Limits

Root Zone Capacity	0.88
Allowed Depletion	0.44
Optimum Irrigation Amount	0.44
Moisture Balance Limit	0.66



## Moisture Balance

Date	ET	Total Rain	Effective Rain	Irrigation	Moisture Balance
6/1/2008	0.06	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19
6/2/2008	0.12	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.11
6/3/2008	0.12	0.58	0.57	0.00	0.56
6/4/2008	0.09	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.54
6/5/2008	0.06	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.53
6/6/2008	0.07	0.08	0.08	0.00	0.55
6/7/2008	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.48
6/8/2008	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
6/9/2008	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19
6/10/2008	0.06	0.02	0.02	0.00	0.15
6/11/2008	0.10	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.06
6/12/2008	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.36
6/13/2008	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15
6/14/2008	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.40
6/15/2008	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.20
6/16/2008	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
6/17/2008	0.13	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.36
6/18/2008	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
6/19/2008	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.40
6/20/2008	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.24
6/21/2008	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.07
6/22/2008	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.35
6/23/2008	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
6/24/2008	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.37
6/25/2008	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
6/26/2008	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
6/27/2008	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.14
6/28/2008	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.44	0.34
6/29/2008	0.18	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.20
6/30/2008	0.28	0.26	0.26	0.00	0.18
<b>Total</b>	<b>4.74</b>	<b>1.17</b>	<b>1.16</b>	<b>3.52</b>	

**99%**

**8 Water Days**

# Example 2

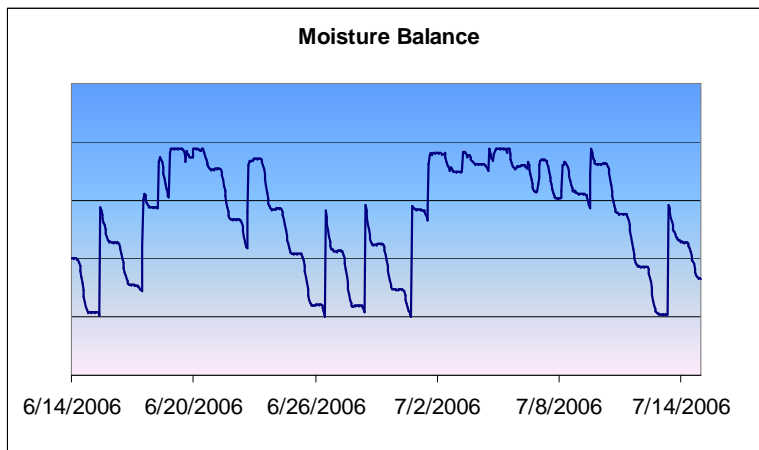
36% Rainfall Efficiency  
Houston, TX

## Variables

Soil Type	Clay Loam
Available Water in/in	0.16
Root Depth - Inches	6.00
Managed Allowed Depletion	50%
Saturation Allowance	0.24
Maximum Hourly Rain	0.20

## Resulting Limits

Root Zone Capacity	0.96
Allowed Depletion	0.48
Optimum Irrigation Amount	0.48
Moisture Balance Limit	0.72



## Moisture Balance

Date	ET	Total Rain	Effective Rain	Irrigation	Moisture Balance
6/14/2006	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
6/15/2006	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.32
6/16/2006	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.14
6/17/2006	0.09	1.13	0.42	0.00	0.47
6/18/2006	0.18	0.48	0.43	0.00	0.72
6/19/2006	0.10	0.94	0.06	0.00	0.68
6/20/2006	0.11	0.40	0.06	0.00	0.63
6/21/2006	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.42
6/22/2006	0.14	0.60	0.40	0.00	0.68
6/23/2006	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.46
6/24/2006	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27
6/25/2006	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
6/26/2006	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.28
6/27/2006	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.05
6/28/2006	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.31
6/29/2006	0.19	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12
6/30/2006	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.46
7/1/2006	0.07	0.55	0.31	0.00	0.70
7/2/2006	0.11	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.62
7/3/2006	0.08	0.11	0.11	0.00	0.65
7/4/2006	0.09	0.59	0.16	0.00	0.72
7/5/2006	0.11	1.34	0.04	0.00	0.65
7/6/2006	0.15	0.07	0.07	0.00	0.57
7/7/2006	0.16	0.10	0.10	0.00	0.51
7/8/2006	0.14	0.16	0.16	0.00	0.53
7/9/2006	0.14	0.68	0.26	0.00	0.66
7/10/2006	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44
7/11/2006	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.22
7/12/2006	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01
7/13/2006	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.48	0.32
7/14/2006	0.16	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.09</b>	<b>7.18</b>	<b>2.61</b>	<b>2.40</b>	
			<b>36%</b>		<b>5 Water Days</b>

# Example 3

## 45% Rainfall Efficiency

Logan, UT

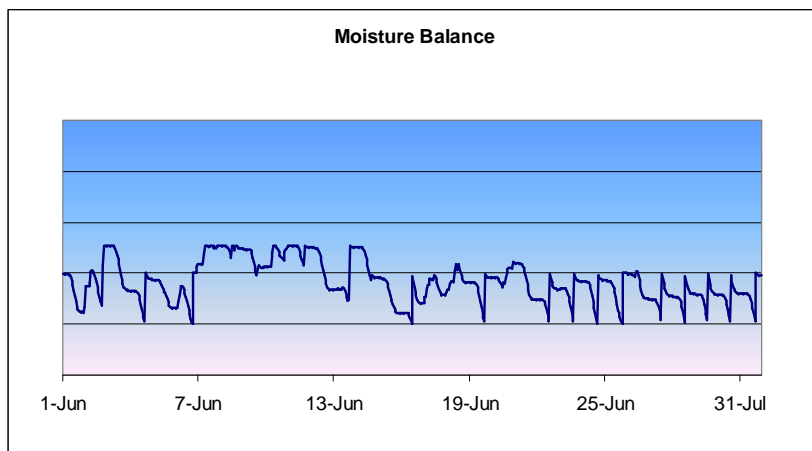
### Variables

Soil Type	Silty Clay Loam
Available Water in/in	0.17
Root Depth - Inches	3.00
Managed Allowed Depletion	50%
Saturation Allowance	0.13
Maximum Hourly Rain	0.35

### Resulting Limits

Root Zone Capacity	0.51
Allowed Depletion	0.26
Optimum Irrigation Amount	0.26
Moisture Balance Limit	0.38

Moisture Balance					
Date	ET	Total Rain	Effective Rain	Irrigation	Moisture Balance
6/1/2009	0.19	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.09
6/2/2009	0.18	1.37	0.47	0.00	0.38
6/3/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.16
6/4/2009	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.22
6/5/2009	0.15	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.08
6/6/2009	0.19	0.14	0.14	0.26	0.28
6/7/2009	0.06	0.97	0.16	0.00	0.38
6/8/2009	0.13	0.55	0.12	0.00	0.37
6/9/2009	0.15	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.28
6/10/2009	0.08	0.38	0.18	0.00	0.38
6/11/2009	0.11	0.39	0.11	0.00	0.38
6/12/2009	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17
6/13/2009	0.09	0.33	0.30	0.00	0.38
6/14/2009	0.18	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.23
6/15/2009	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.06
6/16/2009	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.10
6/17/2009	0.13	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.15
6/18/2009	0.14	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.20
6/19/2009	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.23
6/20/2009	0.07	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.30
6/21/2009	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12
6/22/2009	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.17
6/23/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.21
6/24/2009	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.21
6/25/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.25
6/26/2009	0.17	0.04	0.04	0.00	0.12
6/27/2009	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.14
6/28/2009	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.15
6/29/2009	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.14
6/30/2009	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.15
7/31/2009	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.26	0.24
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.49</b>	<b>4.82</b>	<b>2.17</b>	<b>3.32</b>	
				<b>45%</b>	<b>13 Water Days</b>



# Example 4

## 63% Rainfall Efficiency

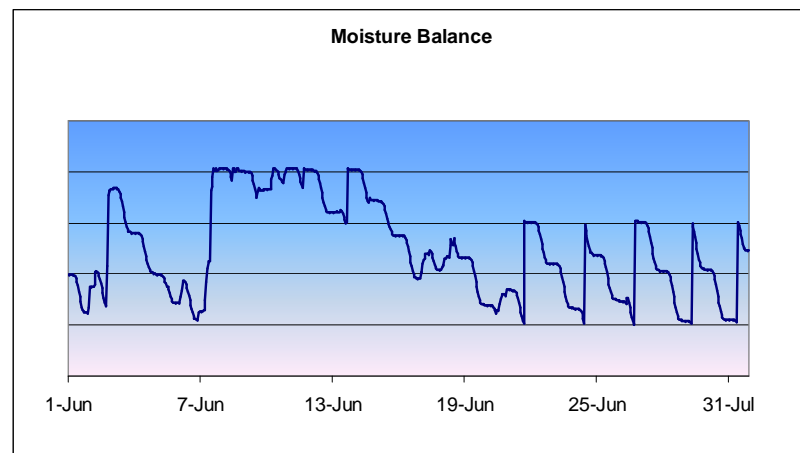
Logan, UT

### Variables

Soil Type	Silty Clay Loam
Available Water in/in	0.17
Root Depth - Inches	6.00
Managed Allowed Depletion	50%
Saturation Allowance	0.26
Maximum Hourly Rain	0.35

### Resulting Limits

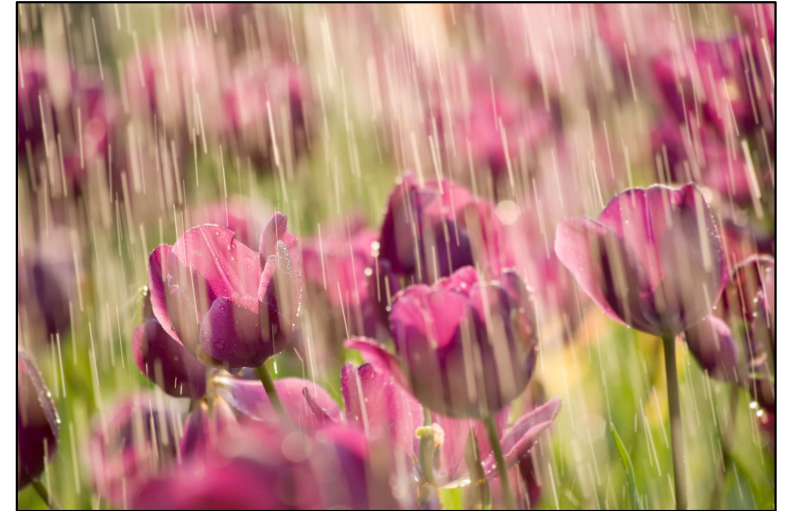
Root Zone Capacity	1.02
Allowed Depletion	0.51
Optimum Irrigation Amount	0.51
Moisture Balance Limit	0.77



Moisture Balance					
Date	ET	Total Rain	Effective Rain	Irrigation	Moisture Balance
6/1/2009	0.19	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.09
6/2/2009	0.18	1.37	0.76	0.00	0.67
6/3/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.45
6/4/2009	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.25
6/5/2009	0.15	0.01	0.01	0.00	0.11
6/6/2009	0.19	0.14	0.14	0.00	0.06
6/7/2009	0.06	0.97	0.77	0.00	0.77
6/8/2009	0.13	0.55	0.12	0.00	0.75
6/9/2009	0.15	0.06	0.06	0.00	0.67
6/10/2009	0.08	0.38	0.18	0.00	0.77
6/11/2009	0.11	0.39	0.11	0.00	0.76
6/12/2009	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.55
6/13/2009	0.09	0.33	0.30	0.00	0.76
6/14/2009	0.18	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.61
6/15/2009	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.44
6/16/2009	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.23
6/17/2009	0.13	0.17	0.17	0.00	0.27
6/18/2009	0.14	0.20	0.20	0.00	0.33
6/19/2009	0.23	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10
6/20/2009	0.07	0.15	0.15	0.00	0.18
6/21/2009	0.18	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.50
6/22/2009	0.20	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.30
6/23/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
6/24/2009	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.34
6/25/2009	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12
6/26/2009	0.17	0.04	0.04	0.51	0.51
6/27/2009	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.26
6/28/2009	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
6/29/2009	0.26	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.27
6/30/2009	0.25	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.02
7/31/2009	0.17	0.00	0.00	0.51	0.37
<b>Total</b>	<b>5.49</b>	<b>4.82</b>	<b>3.06</b>	<b>2.55</b>	
				<b>63%</b>	<b>5 Water Days</b>

# Increasing Effective Rain

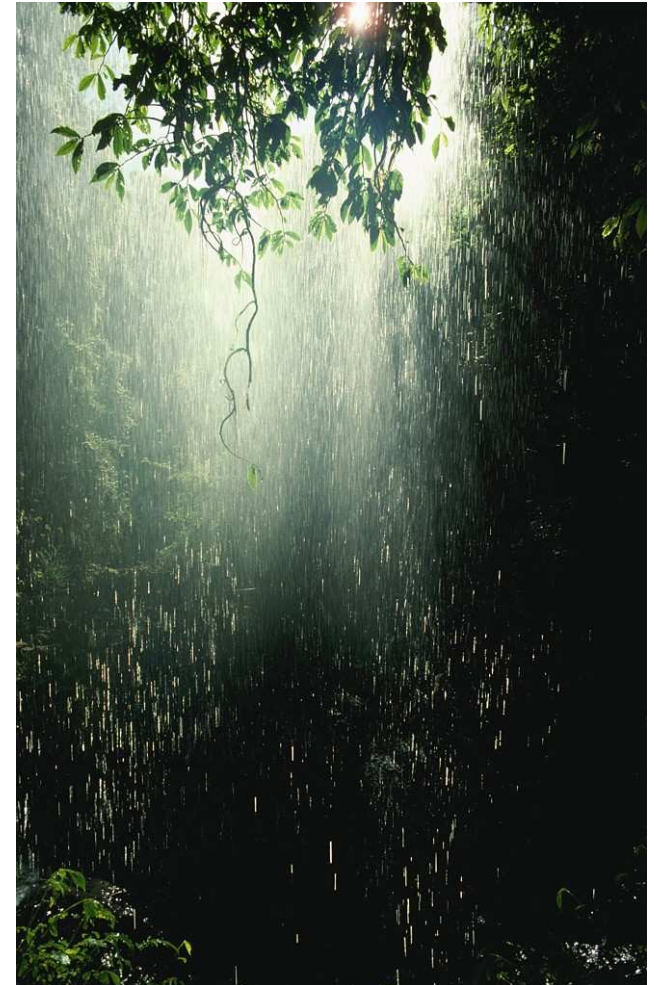
- Increase Soil Reservoir Capacity
  - Increase root depth
    - Water management
    - Soil preparation
- Monitor Current Moisture Content
  - Anticipate potential rain and delay watering
- Improve Permeability - Maximum Hourly Rate
  - Mulch
  - Cultivation
  - Soil Amendments



# Measurements Improve Control

“You can’t control what  
you can’t measure”

Tom DeMarco – Water Smart Innovations  
Conference Las Vegas 2009





# Conclusions

- Measuring Effective Rain is as important as measuring ET.
- Hourly Moisture Balance modeling quantifies Effective Rain.
- Rainfall Efficiency is not a simple % of total rain.
- With proper management rainfall effectiveness can be improved.
- Measuring Effective Rain improves irrigation control efficiency.
  - Save Money
  - Reduce Wasteful Overwatering
  - Improves Landscape Health



# Smart? Control

- Big on ET
- What about Rain?
  - Is a Rain Shut-off device good enough?



Measure ET and Measure Rain

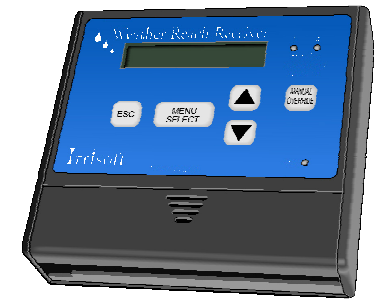
**ET – Rain = Irrigation**



# Weather Reach Product Family

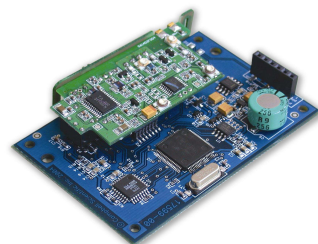
- Weather Reach

- Controller Link
- WR-7
- WR-1



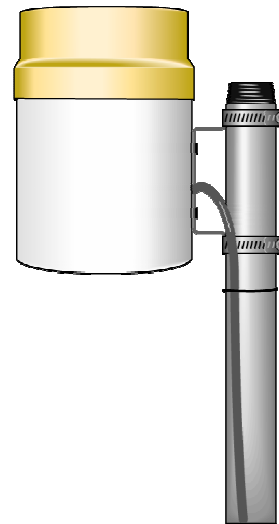
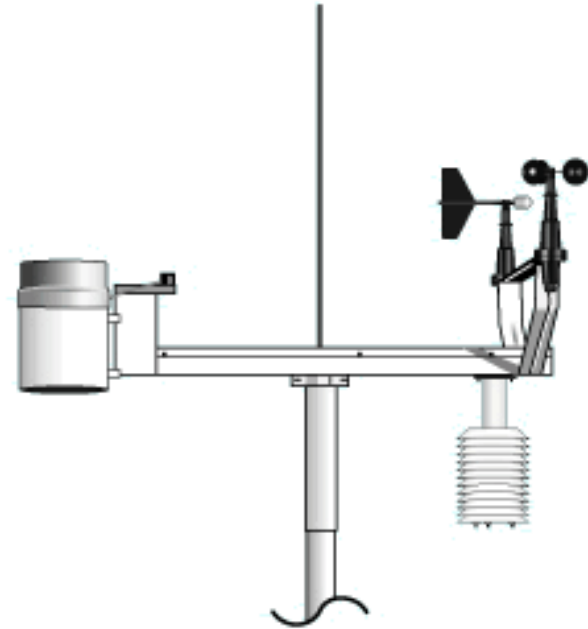
- Rain Bird

- ET Manager
- ET Manager Cartridge



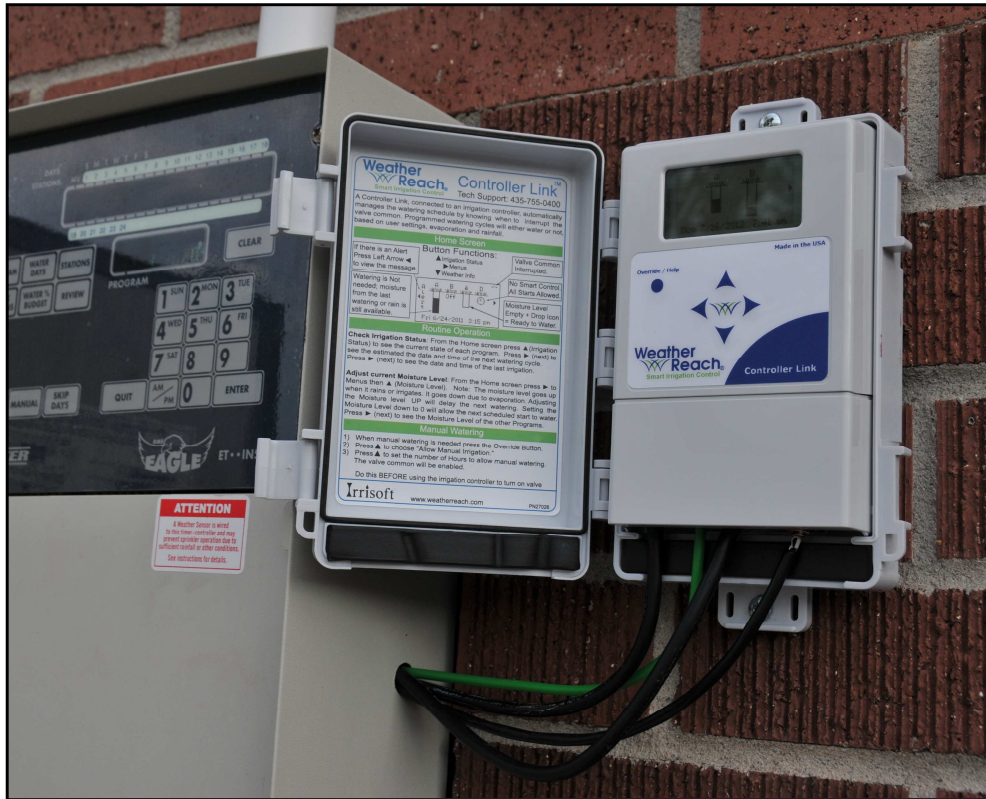
# Weather Reach Rain Source

- Local Weather Station
- On-Site Tipping Rain Gauge
- Project Rain Station



Smarter Irrigation Control Measures Rain

# Connect Controller Link to an Existing Sprinkler Controller



Wi-Fi enabled to  
retrieve weather data  
via the Internet.



Controls Watering

*Simple & Effective*

# Smart Control is a Business Opportunity

## Water Management

- Landscapes are overwatered.
  - Let ET Control Watering Schedules
- Improve system & scheduling efficiency.
- Climate controlled irrigation
  - Reduce wasteful overwatering.



Save Money - Save Time - Save Water - Make Money

# Effective Rain Resources

- Weather Reach
  - [www.weatherreach.com](http://www.weatherreach.com)
- MAD Simulation
  - <http://www.weatherreach.com/mad/>
- Today's Webinar – send you an email
  - PDF
  - Recorded version
- Quantifying Effective Rain in Landscape Irrigation Water Management – IA Technical Conference 2009
  - <http://www.weatherreach.com/images/pdf/102213ER.pdf>



# Future Webinars

- Irrigation System Capabilities
- Plant, Water, Soil, Relationships
- Managed Allowed Depletion
- Base Irrigation Schedule
- Smart Irrigation Control Products
- Flow Sensors
- System Fine Tuning
- Return on Investment
- Selling Water Management



Next Webinar:  
November 19th  
“Irrigation System  
Capabilities”



# Effective Rain

Landscape Water Management

